

DESPERATE BATTLES ALL ALONG THE LINE--BRITISH CASUALTY LIST IS POSTED

Russians Admit a Defeat at Osterode,
But Announce a Victory at Koenigs-
berg, Where a Sortie Was Repulsed
—Official News of Fall of Lemberg.

LONDON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—The following statement was given out by the government press bureau last night as the official statement of the situation:
"Continuous fighting is in progress along the whole line between the Germans and the Allies. Today the British cavalry brushed back the German cavalry, capturing ten guns.
"The French army continues to take the offensive and has gained ground in Lorraine.
"The Russians are investing Koenigsberg and their victory over the Austrians at Lemberg has been announced at St. Petersburg and acknowledged at Vienna."

RUSSIANS LOSE AT OSTERODE.

A Reuter's despatch from St. Petersburg says that a battle has been fought at Osterode, on the Soldan, Niedenberg and Osterode line, in which it is admitted that the Russians were defeated. This is regarded in St. Petersburg as in the nature of a temporary check.
KOENIGSBERG SORTIE UNSUCCESSFUL.

The garrison of the Koenigsberg forts made a sortie yesterday and attempted to capture some of the Russian guns. The sortie was a failure and the Germans were driven back with heavy loss.

FAMOUS NAMES IN LIST OF KILLED.

Yesterday the names of the British officers killed and wounded in the fighting of last week were made public. The list contains names familiar throughout Great Britain socially. Among the killed are Robert Cornwallis Maude, the sixth Viscount of Hawarden, and Maj. Reginald Brooks, military secretary of the Viceroy of India. Among those posted as missing are Lieut.-Col. A. V. Abercrombie and D. C. Boger and Col. C. F. Steven and H. M. Thompson.

FRAGMENTARY REPORTS OF FIGHTING.

Only fragmentary reports from the front are being given out to the public, although it is known that the battle which has been raging for four days is still undecided. The general situation, as given out officially in Paris is that the French right wing has gained new positions in Alsace; that the center holds its ground and that the left has been forced to retire, making its new stand at Compiègne, within fifty miles of Paris.

The German advance on their right is being made in the face of a desperate resistance, the Alsace contesting every inch of ground. The German right appears to be attempting another flanking movement. German cavalry outposts having appeared yesterday evening at Soissons, twenty-five miles east of Compiègne and thirty miles south of St. Quentin.

SOME DISTRICTS CLEAR.

The country around Lille, Douai, Arras and Lens is reported free of Germans, who have either moved east to join the main right wing or have been withdrawn for use at home. Several German corps are known to be moving east from Belgium into Germany, evidently for the reinforcing of the German army of defense in West Prussia.

An official announcement was made yesterday at Paris that the German advance at Compiègne was met by a British force and driven back, with a loss of ten guns.

SOME BRITISH LOSSES.

The following British losses are officially admitted from one cavalry brigade and three infantry divisions less one brigade:
Killed, 36 officers and 127 men. Wounded, 37 officers and 629 men. Missing 95 officers and 4183 men. The list is admittedly partial.

BRITISH PRESS COMMENTS.

The Times correspondent says that the small British army is showing splendid efficiency and admirable bravery, as well as qualities of resistance against stupendous odds. The transport commissariat is excellent.

The Chronicle's correspondent at the front, describing the battle near Mons, on August 26, says that the Germans outnumbered the British two to one. They delivered the fiercest frontal attack in the history of modern warfare, apparently believing that such odds must crush the British utterly.

The German artillery showed excellent practice and the volume of fire was superior to that of the British. The German infantry marksmanship is described as bad. Only the splendid British rifle fire repulsed the tremendous successive charges of the Kaiser's legions, and the frontal attack is declared to have been robbed of its effect by the cool certainty of the British riflemen in firing at the onrushing enemy.

In this battle the Germans lost enormously and the British heavily, the latter losses being due to the shells.

The British wounded reported that the Germans killed their own seriously wounded men as well as all British wounded they could discover, with their bayonets and rifle butts.

GERMAN ORGANIZATION PERFECT.

The correspondent at the front for the London Telegraph reports that the perfection of German organization and discipline is unbelievable. Troops that have seen ten days of the most exhausting fighting are still marching in perfect alignment and singing as they march.

Aeroplane sent ahead of the soldiers are directing the general movements by flags and bombs.

At Mons the troops streamed uninterruptedly through the city, after it was taken, for three nights and three days. Some of the men were asleep as they marched in the ranks. They had covered thirty miles a day for six successive days and were still keeping up their magnificent spirit.

Field kitchens, set on wheels, were rolled along with the marching troops, with fires always burning, and as the weary men strode on they were cheered and refreshed with hot soup and coffee.

Officers, weary but gallantly leading their men on, picked or kicked the sleepers awake and administered coffee to them.

China Claims Japan Has Violated Her Neutrality

PEKING, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—Japan has landed between 10,000 and 15,000 soldiers from eighteen transports at Lung Kow, one hundred miles north of Tsingtau.

As a result of the landing of the troops at this point, China has made a protest that neutrality is violated.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—The Chinese protest that Japan has violated neutrality has been received here.

Capital To Be Shifted and Wounded To Be Removed At Once

PARIS, September 3---(Associated Press)
---A proclamation was issued last night by the government announcing that government departments would be transferred temporarily to Bordeaux.

Orders have been issued to remove all the wounded from Paris to Rennes and to Nantes.

First Aerial Battle in History Fought by French and German Aviators Over Paris

PARIS, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—For the first time in history a battle was fought between armed aeroplanes over this city yesterday.

Three German aeroplanes appeared over the city, presumably with the intention of bombarding by dropping projectiles. Two French aeroplanes equipped with machine guns were sent up to engage them. A heavy fire from rifles and machine guns mounted on house tops diverted one of the German machines, which veered away from the others to escape the fire.

The two French planes pursued this machine, and the other two Germans took part in the chase and opened fire. The French replied vigorously.

The pursued machine finally circled up over the Frenchmen and escaped, followed by the other two Germans, all three getting away safely.

COX WOUNDS HIMSELF SLIGHTLY

Supervisor a Principal in an Affair
the Details of Which
Are Clouded.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Supervisor Andrew Cox shot himself in the throat yesterday afternoon at three-thirty o'clock at his home in Waialua. According to Dr. H. H. Wood, the attending physician, the wound is not serious, and his patient has every chance of a speedy recovery.
About two months ago Supervisor Cox suffered from a slight paralytic stroke while waiting for a meeting of the board of supervisors to convene at the city hall. He was taken to the Queen's Hospital, where he remained for about a week, and left the institution apparently recovered. During the past two weeks, it was stated yesterday, he had a recurrence of his illness and has been in anything but good health. His wife, who has been an invalid for some time, is now seriously ill.

Mr. Cox has been the guest of Mayor Fern for the past two weeks at his Waikiki residence, and left there yesterday afternoon in company with the mayor and several friends for Waialua. The party arrived at Waialua shortly before three o'clock. Details of the actual shooting could not be got last night, and a general denial that any such affair had taken place was given out by the Waialua police. Deputy Sheriff Oscar Cox, who was in Honolulu when the news of the shooting reached the city yesterday afternoon, left hurriedly for Waialua shortly afterwards.

Dark Horse Wins—Honolulu Is a Deputy Commander—West Loses 1915 Fight.

LOUISVILLE, Kentucky, September 3.—(Special by Cable).—In the closing session of the National Encampment of the United Spanish War Veterans, which has been in session here from August 31 until last night, C. S. Cramer, of Ohio, was elected commander-in-chief of the order. The election was a surprise, Cramer being in Honolulu when the news of the election reached him. He is a native of California, would win his nearest rival according to forecasts, being E. H. Stoeber, of St. Louis, Missouri, the senior vice commander.

J. K. Brown of Honolulu was elected one of the three deputy commanders-in-chief.

In the contest for the 1915 National Encampment, Scranton, Pennsylvania won over San Francisco. The Westerners put up a strong fight for the position. City, but were voted down by the same majority that defeated the Oakland men for the head position of the order.

LIKELIHOOD OF RUBBER SHORTAGE IS LESSENED

William Williamson announced yesterday that a rubber cargo has arrived in New York from Singapore, thus relieving the immediate possibility of a shortage. The price has dropped to eighty cents. Locally there is very little interest in rubber stocks, but the outlook is apparently good.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis U. S. A.

MAN HURLED TO DEATH BY WHEEL

Harry T. Walker, Engineer at
Hawaiian Brick Yards, Is
Killed by Machinery.

(From Thursday Advertiser.)
Harry T. Walker, employed as an engineer at the Hawaiian brick yards at Kapahulu, met almost instant death at the place shortly before eleven o'clock yesterday morning while attempting to replace a belt which had slipped from the flywheel of a rock-crushing machine.
Walker failed to shut off the engine and the wheel was revolving at a high rate of speed. In reaching over the wheel with the belt partly on, his arm caught and Walker was dragged from the ground and hurled against the rock crusher, the right side of his skull and part of his body being crushed. When Doctor Benz arrived at the scene of the accident the engineer was dead.

An inquest will be held by Coroner Arch this afternoon at two o'clock.
Walker, who was about sixty years of age, had lived in Hawaii nearly all his life, was highly respected and well liked by all who knew him. Prior to his employment by the Hawaiian Brick Company, he was engineer-in-chief at the Kohala sugar mills, and also at the Hawaiian states that "Lobknecht has just left me, says absolutely no ground for fantastic rumors."
"W. J. BRYAN,"
"Secretary of State."

LIENKNECHT ALIVE; BRYAN GETS CABLE

CHICAGO, August 26.—Secretary of State W. J. Bryan tonight sent the following telegram to Walter Lienknecht, executive secretary, Socialist party:
"Telegram received from ambassador at Berlin stating that 'Lobknecht has just left me, says absolutely no ground for fantastic rumors.'
"W. J. BRYAN,"
"Secretary of State."

Rise in Sugar Promises to Pay Off Half Million Indebted- ness of Olan.

Olan shareholders are expressing much satisfaction these days because of the upward tendency of the price of sugar. If the price holds to an average of six cents per pound between now and September 15, when it is expected that the balance of the 1914 crop will have been handled, the company will be enabled to rescue its present overdraft of \$550,000 to the extent of \$400,000, leaving a comparatively small balance of \$150,000. The 1915 crop will begin to move after November 15 and if the present prices continue for any period after that time it will not require long to take the big sugar company completely out of debt. It is this condition that has tended to advance the price of Olan from \$1.50 of a few weeks ago to \$3.50 as prevailed during the past few days.

With Olan on a paying basis, even higher prices are prophesied. The output for the present year, it is estimated, will reach 24,000 tons. For 1915 the estimate already is placed at 30,000 tons of sugar.
Officials and others closely connected with the company prefer not to discuss the condition of the company at the present time.

Kaiser Offers Pardons to All Who Will Fight

LONDON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—Emperor William has issued a proclamation announcing a general amnesty for all Germans who have been convicted of any military offenses or who have emigrated from Germany without permission, providing they present themselves for army service within three months.

CONTROL OF PANAMA HARBORS ACQUIRED BY UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—The United States has acquired absolute control of all the waters of Colon and Ancon harbors when American Minister Price and Seneca to Liberia, Panamanian Secretary of Foreign Relations, signed a treaty yesterday in this effect.
The site of Battery Hancock on the Colon waterfront, was given to the United States by the Government of Panama, as it controls all the piers at the north entrance of the Canal, costing approximately \$2,500,000.
The treaty will be sent to the Washington and Panama senates for ratification.

DENMARK FEELS PINCH OF WAR

LONDON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—The people of Denmark are feeling the effects of the war in rising prices on all food stuffs. Bread, which was selling on August 1 for sixteen cents a loaf, is now twenty-four cents. Sugar has risen from \$6.50 a hundredweight to \$8.50. Other prices have risen in proportion.

KRONPRINZ WILHELM A BRITISH PRIZE

NEW YORK, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—The British consul general has been informed that the German liner Kronprinz Wilhelm has been captured by a British cruiser and taken as a prize to Bermuda.

HOME PARTLY BURNED WHILE FAMILY IS AWAY

A fire started in the residence of C. K. Akana in Kulihi yesterday morning at ten thirty o'clock. Akana was absent from the premises when the blaze was discovered by neighbors. The chemical engine from the Palama station extinguished it before the building was totally destroyed. The damage to the building amounted to about \$300.

RHEUMATISM.
Have you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism? If not, you are wasting time, as the longer this disease runs on the harder it is to cure. Get a bottle today, apply it with a vigorous massage to the afflicted parts and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all dealers. Reason, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

HALF A MILLION MEN ARE UNDER ARMS IN TURKEY AND READY FOR A FIGHT

Mobilization Begun a Month Ago, But
Not to Attack Greece Alone—That
Nation's Hostility is of Small Concern
to Porte, Say Youssouf Pacha.

WASHINGTON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—The Turkish ambassador, Youssouf Zia Pacha, said yesterday that the mobilization of the Turkish army has been in progress for a month and that there are now probably half a million Turks under arms.

This operation is not meant that Turkey will attack Greece, says the ambassador, as Turkey looks upon the hostility of Greece as her smallest concern. The preparations for war which have been made are with a view to much more important contingencies.

Communication with Constantinople has been severed for the past three days and there is an unconfirmed rumor from London to the effect that Turkey has already declared war upon Russia.

Charges and Counter Charges of Inhuman Cruelty in Field

PARIS, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—A despatch from Petrograd (St. Petersburg) states that the Austrians displayed a wanton disregard of the Red Cross in their bombardment of Belgrade, destroying with their shells the maternity hospital, over which flew the Red Cross flag and the location of which was known to the Austrian commander in the field.

The maternity hospital was destroyed and one hundred newly born babes and their mothers were killed.

GERMAN COUNTER CHARGES.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—Counter claims of cruelties are made against the Belgians by the Germans. The German embassy here announces:

"German and Austrian troops have occupied Lodz, the largest manufacturing center in Russian Poland. No troops are leaving Belgium. The French assertion that the Russian have invested Koenigsberg is a lie. Russia never covered half that distance."

"Enormous excitement has been caused by the attempt of the Belgians, with the complicity of London and Paris, made up of endless lies, to induce the world to believe that the Germans are perpetrating atrocities. The condition of the Germans returning wounded, whom the Belgian civilians shockingly mutilated, has infuriated the nation. The German newspapers say that the name 'Belgian' is now the worst insult it is possible to inflict on civilized man."

"Russians are impaling children and ravishing women before the parents' and husbands' eyes."

Upper Alsace Evacuated by Germans, Says Report

PARIS, September 1.—Successes in Alsace and Lorraine are claimed in an official announcement here today which declares:

"In Lorraine our advance continues, the situation remaining unchanged. The Germans have apparently left upper Alsace. Before Belfort only a thin curtain of troops remains."

Early this evening another German aeroplane flew over the city at a great height. Machine guns and rifles opened a furious fire. After an hour the aeroplane vanished.

AIR BOMBS FOR ANTWERP.

ANTWERP, September 2.—A dirigible balloon dropped more bombs inside the city early this morning. Ten houses were damaged. The Belgian artilleries turned their guns on the dirigible and believe they damaged the German aircraft.

GERMAN HEAVY ARTILLERY.

BOULOGNE, September 1.—A wounded French artillery officer who has been sent here says that the military experts have never seen anything to compare for effectiveness with the new heavy siege guns used by the Germans. The gun, which is the latest product of the Krupp works, is an 11-inch piece, and its existence was kept secret by the German government. It was first employed during the assaults upon Liege and Namur. The new high explosive shells work frightful devastation wherever they fall.

Russia Claims Austrians Defeated in Many Fights

LONDON, September 3.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless).—Announcing their victories over the Austrians and admitting their reverse in East Prussia, the Russians gave out the following official statements yesterday:

"The Austrians are steadily retreating. Their attempt to flank our advance has been disastrously defeated. We buried 16,000 Austrians dead on one battlefield, captured thirty-one guns, one general and thousands of prisoners."

"On the south front the Austrian attack against Warsaw has been repelled. Three guns, ten machine guns and a thousand prisoners were taken in this engagement."

"Near Lustschoff on August 28 the Austrian fifteenth division was utterly routed. A hundred officers and four thousand soldiers were captured."

HEAVY ARTILLERY FOR GERMANS.

"In southern East Prussia the Germans brought up reinforcements along the entire line, with heavy artillery from the forts along the Vistula, and attacked two of our corps, which suffered a check thereby. Our contact with the enemy remains unbroken and reinforcements are arriving. Stubborn fighting continues."

Yesterday the Russians captured the fortifications of the important Galician city of Lemberg, the capital of the province and the principal railroad center of northeastern Austria. The garrison evacuated the city and was pursued south.

Particulars of the victory at Lustschoff show that among the four thousand prisoners captured are six hundred wounded, while the dead include an Austrian chief of staff, a brigade commander and a division commander. Twenty-one guns and a flag are among the spoils. In the German victory in East Prussia the Russians lost three generals, while two army corps were routed.